

Environmental Product Declaration

BILLETS



PCR 2019:14

Construction products v 1.3.4

EN:15804:2012+A2:2019 ISO 14025:2006

150 14025.2000

Programme:

The International EPD System

www.environdec.com

EPD-IES-0017968

CPC code:

411

Programme operator:

EPD International AB

2025-01-17

2030-01-16

An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at www.environdec.com





General information

EPD REFERENCES

EPD OWNER: ESF ELBE-STAHLWERKE FERALPI GMBH, GRÖBAER STRASSE 3. 01591 RIESA Manufacturing plant is located in the same site

PROGRAMME OPERATOR: EPD International AB, box 21060, SE-100 31 Stockholm, Sweden; info@environdec.com

NEW EPD

INDEPENDENT VERIFICATION

This declaration has been developed referring to the International EPD System, following the General Programme Instructions v 4.0; further information and the document itself are available at: www.environdec.com. EPD document valid within the following geographical area: Germany and other countries worldwide according to sales market conditions.

ISO standard ISO 21930 and CEN standard EN 15804 served as the core PCR PCR 2019:14 Construction products, Version 1.3.4

PCR review was conducted by: The Technical Committee of the International EPD® System. See www.environdec. com/TC for a list of members. Review chair: Claudia A. Peña, University of Concepciòn, Chile.

The review panel may be contacted via the Secretariat www.environdec.com/contact.

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to EN ISO 14025: 2010

Third party verifier: ICMQ SpA, via De Castillia, 10 20124 Milano (www.icmg.it)

certification



EPD verification

Accredited by: Accredia n. 0004VV

Procedure for follow-up during EPD validity involves third party verifier:



EPDs within the same product category but registered in different EPD programmes may not be comparable. For two EPDs to be comparable, they shall be based on the same PCR (including the same version number up to the first two digits20) or be based on fully-aligned PCRs or versions of PCRs; cover products with identical functions, technical performances and use (e.g. identical declared/functional units); have equivalent system boundaries and descriptions of data; apply equivalent data quality requirements, methods of data collection, and allocation methods; apply identical cut-off rules and impact assessment methods (including the same version of characterisation factors); have equivalent content declarations; and be valid at the time of comparison.

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

CONTACTS

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Technical support to Feralpi Stahl was provided by Life Cycle Engineering, Italy. (info@lcengineering.eu, www.lcengineering.eu).





Company profile

THE FERALPI GROUP is one of Europe's leading manufacturers of steels for use in infrastructure and construction.

The German site of the Feralpi Group, **ESF ELBE-STAHLWERKE FERALPI GMBH** (ESF), has developed into a company with a wide range of products in the field of reinforcement steel since it was founded in 1992. Through constant modernisation of our facilities, our products guarantee a high standard of quality parameters so that we can meet the requirements of our customers. ESF is continuously monitoring developments in the reinforcement steel sector in the future and incorporate them into innovative technologies and production processes. This serves not least to strive for and fulfill the goal of continuously improving our efficiency in terms of processes and resources - and thus the environmental performance of our business activities. In addition to the production areas of steelworks, rolling mill and wire processing, there is also the plant logistics department (including the connecting railway), which is responsible for all internal and external loading processes.

The steel produced by ESF Elbe-Stahlwerke Feralpi GmbH is made exclusively from scrap with the EAF route. Utilising scrap as a raw material for steel production makes an important contribution to conserving natural resources.

The management systems implemented at the entire company site have been merged into an Integrated Management System (IMS) since 2015. The IMS includes the requirements of the standards DIN EN ISO 9001, DIN EN ISO 14001, EMAS III, and DIN EN ISO 50001 as well as the monitoring of the specialised waste management company in accordance with Sections 56 and 57 KrWG and, in addition to ESF, also includes Feralpi Stahlhandel GmbH and Feralpi-Logistik GmbH.

Environmental protection, energy efficiency and the circular economy determine the production processes. New technologies, environmental protection and energy efficiency measures are consistently implemented. The basis for the continuous improvement of environmental performance is a functioning environmental and energy management system that integrates all processes and stakeholders: from waste avoidance to reducing energy consumption.

For EPD purposes: ISO standard ISO 21930 compliance has been included in order to allow the selling outside Europe.

ESF. FIT PARKS AIT THAT TO SHEET.

FERALPI GROUP | KEY FIGURES 2023*



2.4 million tons

STEEL PRODUCTION



>215 million euros TOTAL GROSS VALUE ADDED 2023



78.3 million euros

EBITDA



>168 million euros

TECHNICAL INVESTMENTS BY THE GROUP



1,724.2 million euros

REVENUES 2023



>1 900

EMPLOYEES (DE & ABROAD)

*all the data refer to the entire Feralpi Group



>80%

STRATEGIC INVESTMENTS WITH ESG SHARE



Riesa

ESF Elbe-Stahlwerke Feralpi GmbH established in 1992

Scope and Type of EPD

THE APPROACH USED IN THIS EPD IS "CRADLE-TO-GATE WITH OPTIONS" WITH OPTIONAL MODULES (A4).

Table of modules

	PRODUCT STAGE						UTILISATION STAGE						END OF LIFE STAGE			BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARIES	
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to the site	Assembly	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse - Recovery - Recycling Potential
MODULE	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	В1	B2	В3	В4	В5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
modules declared	✓	✓	✓	✓	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
geography	DE	DE	DE	EU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
specific data used		>90%	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
variations - products		0%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
variations - sites		0%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

SOFTWARE: SimaPro ver. 9.6

MAIN DATABASE: Ecoinvent 3.10

REPORT LCA: Life cycle assessment applied to billet, wire rod, reinforcing steel bars, reinforcing steel in coils and electrowelded mesh

GEOGRAPHICAL SCOPE OF THE EPD: Europe according to sales market conditions

TYPE OF EPD: Specific for Crude steel

The product

Billets are semi-finished products with a square cross-section that are produced in the steelworks of ESF Elbe-Stahlwerke Feralpi GmbH using the continuous casting process. The billets are used as input material for the hot rolling process.

The main materials of the final product are: iron > 96%; alloy elements 2% c.a.; other elements complementary to 100%; for (post-consumer) recycled content see section Other optional additional environmental information.

Declared unit for the study is one tonne of billets.

SVHC Information: The product does not contain any hazardous substance according to REACH Regulation.

INFORMATION	DESCRIPTION
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	Billet (semi-finished product/semi-finished product that can be further processed into reinforcing bars, ribbed or smooth wire rod / or other rolled products such as profile steels)
STEEL GRADE	Crude steel from post and pre-consumer scrap
PRODUCTION ROUTE	EAF
DIAMETER RANGE	130 mm x 130 mm; 140 mm x 140 mm; 150 mm X 150 mm; 160 mm x 160 mm (standard)
PDODUCTIONS	Total amount of products covered by this EPD, year 2023: 81 163 t
PRODUCTIONS	Total production, for selling purpose, year 2023: 81 163 t

Environmental performance

The detailed environmental performance (in terms of use of resources, pollutant emissions and waste generation) is presented for the three phases Upstream, Core related sub-phases (A1-A2-A3). The numbers reported in the following tables are the outcome of rounding. For this reason total results could slightly differ from the sum of contributions of the different phases.

The energy sources behind the electricity grid used in manufacturing is a mix between German Supplier mix 2023 and renewable energy with Guarantees of Origin related network losses and transformation. Final emission factor is 0,22 kg CO₂ eq./kWh.

The estimated impact results are only relative statements which do not indicate the end points of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins or risks.

Environmental impacts per declared unit

		UPSTREAM - CORE PROCESS	DOWNSTREAM		
	UNITS	Al:A3	A4		
GWP	kg CO ₂ eq	2.89E+02	1.57E+01		
GWP,f	kg CO ₂ eq	2.88E+02	1.57E+01		
GWP,b	kg CO ₂ eq	1.62E-01	3.07E-02		
GWP,luluc	kg CO ₂ eq	1.54E-01	4.19E-02		
GWP,ghg	kg CO ₂ eq	2.89E+02	1.57E+01		
ODP	kg CFC-11 eq	2.49E-06	2.59E-07		
АР	mol H+ eq	1.06E+00	9.26E-02		
EP,f	kg P eq	1.16E-02	1.29E-03		
EP,m	kg N eq	2.56E-01	2.18E-02		
EP,t	mol N eq	2.86E+00	2.41E-01		
POCP	kgNMVOCeq	8.89E-01	7.38E-02		
ADP,e*	kg Sb eq	1.99E-04	9.09E-07		
ADP,f*	МЈ	3.36E+03	3.52E+02		
WDP*	m³	3.58E+01	3.51E+00		

GWP Global warming potential, total **GWP,f** Global warming potential, fossil **GWP,b** Global warming potential, biogenic **GWP,luluc** Global warming potential, land use & land use change GWP,ghg Global warming potential, excluding biogenic uptake, emission and storage

ODP Ozone depletion potential **AP** Acidification potential **EP.f** Futrophication potential freshwater **EP,m** Eutrophication potential, marine **EP,t** Eutrophication potential, terrestrial POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential ADP,e Abiotic depletion potential minerals

ADP,f Abiotic depletion potential fossil fuels* WDP Water use deprivation potential* *: The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the

indicator.

Environmental performance

Additional environmental impacts per declared unit

		UPSTREAM - CORE PROCESS	DOWNSTREAM		
	UNITS	Al:A3	A4		
PM	disease inc.	5.04E-05	7.48E-07		
IRP**	kBq U-235 eq	5.16E+00	2.89E+00		
ETP,fw*	CTUe	3.08E+03	8.03E+00		
HTP,c*	CTUh	9.00E-06	4.48E-09		
HTP,nc*	CTUh	1.99E-06	8.06E-08		
SQP*	Pt	5.86E+02	4.60E+01		

Resource use per declared unit

		UPSTREAM - CORE PROCESS	DOWNSTREAM
	UNITS	A1:A3	A4
PERE	МЈ	1.06E+03	7.41E+01
PERM	МЈ	2.29E-03	0.00E+00
PERT	МЈ	1.06E+03	7.41E+01
PENRE	МЈ	3.36E+03	3.52E+02
PENRM	МЈ	3.21E-01	0.00E+00
PENRT	МЈ	3.36E+03	3.52E+02
SM	kg	1.06E+03	0.00E+00
RSF	МЈ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
NRSF	МЈ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
FW	m³	5.08E+00	2.67E-01

Additional environmental impact indicators are computed in the LCA report but not reported in the EPD.

used as raw materials

*The results of this enviromental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

**This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.

It is not recommended to use results of modules A1-A3 without considering also module C.

PM Particulate matter IRP lonising radiation ETP,fw Ecotoxicity freshwater HTP,c Human toxicity cancer HTP,nc Human toxicity non cancer **SQP** Land use PERE Use of renewable primary energy

excluding renewable primary energy resources

resources used as raw materials **PERT** Total use of renewable primary energy **PENRE** Use of non-renewable primary energy

PERM Use of renewable primary energy

excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials

PENRM Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials

PENRT Total use of non-renewable primary eneray resources

SM Use of secondary raw materials **RSF** Use of renewable secondary fuels

NRSF Use of non-renewable secondary fuels

FW Use of net fresh water

Environmental performance

>>Produce and grow with respect for the people and the environment.<<

Carlo N. Pasini | Founder of the Feralpi Group

Output flows and waste categories per declared unit

		UPSTREAM - CORE PROCESS	DOWNSTREAM		
	UNITS	Al:A3	A4		
HWD	kg	8.10E-03	6.31E-04		
NHWD	kg	1.68E+02	1.87E-01		
RWD	kg	3.97E-03	2.35E-03		
CRU	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
MFR	kg	1.56E+02	0.00E+00		
MER	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		
EE	МЈ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00		

HWD Hazardous waste disposed NHWD Non-hazardous waste

RWD Radioactive waste disposed **CRU** Components for re-use

MFR Materials for recycling

EE Exported energy

MER Materials for energy recovery

Calculation rules

The environmental burden of the product has been calculated according to EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 and PCR 2019:14 v 1.3.4.

This declaration is a Cradle-to-Gate with options with optional modules (A4) EPD type, based on the application of Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) methodology to the whole life-cycle system. In the whole LCA model, infrastructures and production equipments are not taken into account.

Steel billets at plant level is described by using specific data from manufacturing facility (Elbe-Stahlwerke Feralpi GmbH, Gröbaer Straße 3, 01591 Riesa) for the year 2023.

Customized LCA questionnaires were used to gather in-depth information about all aspects of the production system (for example, raw materials contents and specifications, pre-treatments, process efficiencies, air and water emissions, waste management), in order to provide a complete picture of the environmental burden of the system from raw materials supply (A1) to Transport (A2) and Manufacturing (A3). The use phase was not considered according to EN:15804 and PCR 2019:14 v 1.3.4. Therefore, in nominal installation and operating conditions, no emissions to air nor to water shall occur.

According to ISO 14040 and 14044, allocation is avoided whenever possible by dividing the system into sub-systems. When allocation cannot be avoided physical properties are used to drive flow analysis. Due to the presence of co-products in steel mill, an economic allocation were used in that phase.

Scrap pre and post consumer has been modeled following new PCR 2019:14 v1.3.4 rules by adding environmental loads on pre-consumer with an economic allocation method.

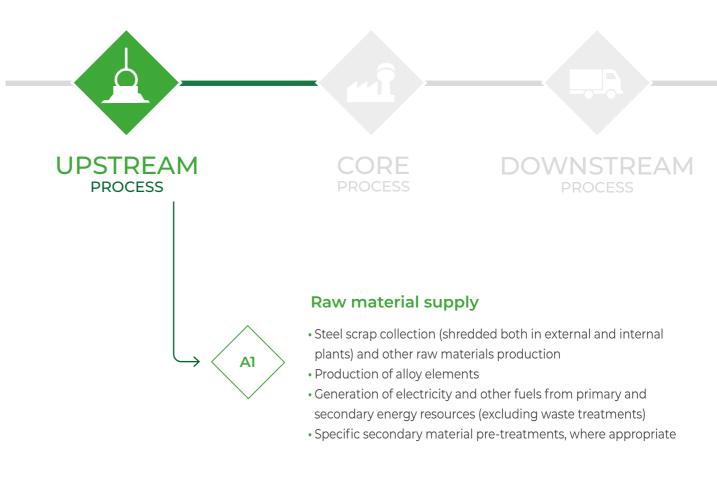
Data quality has been assessed and validated during data collection process. According to EN:15804 the applied cut-off criterion for mass and energy flows is 1%.



Scenarios and additional technical information

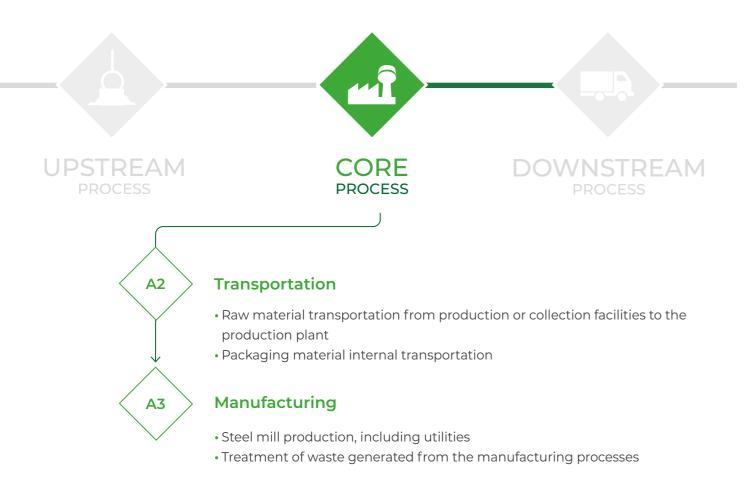
UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM CORE PROCESS PROCESS PROCESS Supplying transport Scrap pretreatment Billets production Shearing Packaging A1 Internal handling A2+A3 Distribution Shredding Auxiliary materials and activities Sorting Air emission Water emission Raw material and Waste management **Energy production**

Upstream process



Broad scheme of steel billets production, in which the main activities included in the system boundaries are listed and divided in the three subsystems: **UPSTREAM Process, CORE Module**.

Core process



Other optional additional environmental information

Strategic projects to improve process efficiency and environmental performance: New **resource-saving hot rolling mill** (rolling mill B) with inductive billet heating furnace, new **scrap processing** for more efficient scrap utilisation and production process, new **transformer station** in which the use of the usual sulphur hexafluoride (SF 6) can be completely dispensed, new **logistics concept** for faster and more efficient processing of logistics orders.

	MINIMUM CONTENT OF RECYCLED, RECOVERED, BY-PRODUCT MATERIALS											
PRODUCT TYPE	PRODUCT NAME	RECYCLED MATERIAL			RECOVERED MATERIAL	BY-PRODUCT MATERIAL		TOTAL CONTENT OF RECYCLED, RECOVERED, BY-PRODUCT MATERIAL				
		Total	Pre- consumer	Post- consumer		Internal	External					
		[%]	[%]	[%]	[%]	[%]	[%]	[%]				
CASTED STEEL	Billetts	97,75	7,72	90,03	0	1,0	0	98,75				

Recycled content verified according to ICMQ CP DOC 262 regulation, certification n. P605 rev. 2.2 and calculated according to UNI EN ISO 14021, publication date 14/06/2024, referred to 2023 year.



On average, finished product is transported for 895 km by train.

